

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What is Wetwall?

Wetwall is an innovative wall panel system for wet applications, such as tub/shower walls, wainscoting, wall cladding, backsplashes, tub skirts, and more. Unlike tile and grout, Wetwall doesn't need to be sealed and is easy to clean and is offered in a number of beautiful designs.

Why Wetwall?

Wetwall makes it easier than ever to provide consumer driven designs in a waterproof solution that is functionally beautiful, quick and easy to install and offers the look of luxury at an economical price. EASY installation. EASIER maintenance.

What material is Wetwall panels made of?

Patented wall panel system consisting of two panels made of High Pressure Decorative Laminate bonded to a waterproof core (Wood Plastic Composite; WPC). Panels can feature a flat edge, tongue/groove edge, and a decorative bullnose edge.

What tub/shower configurations can Wetwall be used for?

Single wall, corner, and alcove baths/showers
Innovative tongue/groove and postformed panels can extend beyond bath/shower surrounds.

Can Wetwall be used on the floor?

No, Wetwall is designed for wall applications.

What panel sizes are available?

Wetwall can manufacture panels up to 60"X96". 30",32",34",36" X 60", 72" and 96" panels are the common sizes for wet applications.

How thick is a Wetwall panel?

11mm or approx. 0.43 in

How much does a Wetwall panel weigh?

Our lightweight patented panels are approx. 1.65 lb/sq.ft. A standard 32X60X72 4-panel kit will weigh approximately 105 lbs.

How long does it take to install Wetwall?

An average of 2.5 hours for a tub/shower surround.

What kinds of backer board materials can be used with Wetwall?

Gypsum board (sheetrock), moisture-resistant gypsum board (“greenboard”), cement, or concrete board or tile. Also be sure your installation conforms to local codes. Local building codes vary by location. Observe all local plumbing and building codes. **Do not attach directly to studs.**

Can the panels be installed over tile?

When installing over old tile, verify that the tile is solidly adhered to walls. Any loose tiles must be removed, filled with mastic, and sanded smooth. Rough up glossy tile surfaces using belt sander with 60-grit sandpaper. Surface must be dry, smooth and free of any dust or any other contaminants. Wipe wall surfaces with a damp cloth and allow to dry. Although wing wall panels are postformed for a clean finish, you will need to take into consideration both the edge of the tile and the Wetwall panels.

What tools are needed to install Wetwall?

Pencil, Tape Measure, Drill, Heavy-duty Caulking Gun, Hole Saw, Level, Circular Saw with a fine tooth blade, Square, Chalk-Line, Heavy-duty Suction Cups, Router, Denatured Alcohol, 1/8” Wooden Shims

Can Wetwall panels be cut?

Yes, Wetwall can be cut with standard woodworking tools including a circular saw with a fine tooth saw blade (60 teeth or more). Any cuts made to the panels must be made with the decorative side facing up to prevent damage or chatter to the decorative side.

What type of adhesive should I use to install Wetwall?

Wilsonart Adhesives Panel Adhesive are provided in kits and for sale in case quantities

What should I use to clean Wetwall?

Often, warm soapy water and a sponge will be adequate for regular maintenance. Common household, non-abrasive cleaners like Tilex®, Fantastik®, and Windex® can be used with a soft sponge or cloth. With all cleaners, rinse immediately.

Common Panel Configurations

The bullnose edge on this panel below eliminates the need for additional hardware or extruded metal edge treatments.



Tongue and groove panels allow for virtually seamless joining of back (soap dish) walls.



Additional configurations of panels to extend beyond bath/shower surround.

