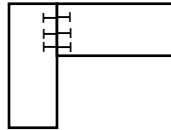


Butcher Block Miter Assemblies and Splice Options

Miter Assembly (Standard): Refers to the method of joining two post form countertop sections at an angle – typically 90 degrees – to form an L-shaped corner. This is achieved by cutting each section to a 45-degree angle and joining them together. If a miter assembly is assembled by Greene Street Wholesale the top will be assembled with dowel rods. If the miter is left unassembled, miter bolt holes will be routed, and miter bolts will be sent to assemble on site. Always make sure that the countertop will be able to fit into the home before miter assembly installation. Miters can be assembled with the shorter end up to 84”.



Miter Assembly (Butt): Refers to a corner assembly but instead of being cut at a 45-degree angle, the miter is assembled by matching up the end of one top to the side of another. This application is most commonly used on longer runs where existing slabs do not meet the overall length of a run so that the top does not include any additional seams if necessary.



Butt Splice Assembly: Refers to the joint where two separate countertop sections are connected to create a continuous surface. This is required on any orders with runs longer than the existing slab length. Splicing can be assembled for delivery up to a max of 168” (14’). Splicing done by Greene Street Wholesale will be applied using dowel rods. For applications longer than 14’ or that would not assemble on site will be routed out for miter bolts. Miter bolts will be included with delivery.



Depth Splice Assembly: Refers to the joint where two separate countertop sections are connected to create a deeper countertop depth. Most used for island tops that are bigger than the standard slab size. Allows for the seam to clean up and not be as noticeable with flow of the grain and wood planks. 50” max depth for depth spliced tops.

